# V248 Series 3-Way Pressure-Actuated Water-Regulating Valves for High-Pressure Refrigerants 

## Product Bulletin

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The V248 Series 3-Way Pressure-Actuated Water-Regulating Valves for High-Pressure Refrigerants regulate water flow to control refrigerant head pressure in systems with single or multiple water-cooled condensers.

V248 valves have an adjustable opening point in a refrigerant pressure range of 200 to 400 psi ( 13.8 to 27.6 bar). V248 valves are available in $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. through 1-1/2 in. size for use with standard, non-corrosive, high-pressure refrigerants.

Maritime models, which have nickel copper (Monel®) internal parts, are available for applications where the media may be corrosive to the internal parts.

## A. WARNING

This product is made of copper alloy, which contains lead. The product is therefore not to be used on drinking water.


Figure 1: V248 Series Valve

Table 1: Features and Benefits

| Features | Benefits |
| :--- | :--- |
| No Close Fitting or Sliding Parts in Water <br> Passages | Provides robust control in less than ideal conditions. |
| Accessible Range Spring | Allows easy manual flushing. |
| Take-Apart Construction | Allows access to valve interior without removing valve from <br> refrigeration system or pumping down the system. |
| Pressure-Balanced Design | Resists changes to setpoint caused by gradual or sudden water <br> pressure changes. |
| Corrosion-Resistant Material for Internal Parts | Promotes long valve life. |

## Application

IMPORTANT: The V248 Series 3-Way PressureActuated Water-Regulating Valve for High-Pressure Refrigerants is intended to control water or coolant flow under normal operating conditions. Where failure or malfunction of the V248 valve could lead to personal injury or property damage to the controlled equipment or other property, additional precautions must be designed into the control system. Incorporate and maintain other devices, such as supervisory or alarm systems or safety or limit controls, intended to warn of or protect against failure or malfunction of the V248 valve.

## Operation

The V248 valve controls refrigerant head pressures by sensing the condensing pressure and adjusting water flow to meet cooling demand as the condenser requirements change. The 3-way design modulates water between the condenser and the bypass line.

## Valve Sizing

Each application is unique and requires specific engineering data to properly size and design a system to fulfill the appropriate requirements. Typically, a valve is replaced with another valve of the same size in a properly sized and engineered system.
To make a rough field estimate of the size of valve for an application, find the valve size needed by locating a point on a flow chart (see Figure 6 through Figure 9) that satisfies these requirements:

- water flow required by the condenser (Flow)
- refrigerant head pressure rise ( $\mathbf{P}_{\text {RISE }}$ )
- available water pressure ( $\mathbf{P}_{\text {AVAIL }}$ )

Follow these steps, and use the information obtained to locate a point on one of the flowcharts (see Figure 6 through Figure 9) that satisfies all three steps.

1. Take the water flow required by the condenser (Flow) from information provided by the manufacturer of the condensing unit. If the manufacturer's information is unavailable, use the following information to make a rough approximation of water flow in gallons per minute (gpm) [cubic meters per hour ( $\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{hr}$ )] using Figure 2:

- System Capacity (Tons of Refrigeration)
- Outlet Water Temperature (Temp. Outlet)
- Inlet Water Temperature (Temp. Inlet)

Calculate the flow using the following formula:

$$
\text { Flow }=\frac{\text { Tons of Refrigeration } \times 30}{\left(\text { Temp. }_{\text {outet }}-\text { Temp. }_{\text {Inet }}\right)}
$$

Figure 2: Flow Required

Note: If the outlet temperature is unknown, assume it to be $10 \mathrm{~F}^{\circ}\left(6 \mathrm{C}^{\circ}\right)$ above the inlet temperature.
2. Determine refrigerant head pressure rise above the valve opening point ( $\mathbf{P}_{\text {RISE }}$ ) using Figure 4 and the following steps:
a. The Valve Closing Pressure ( $\mathrm{P}_{\text {Close }}$ ) is equal to the refrigerant pressure at the highest ambient temperature the refrigeration equipment experiences in the Off cycle. Use a Pressure-Temperature Chart for the refrigerant selected to find this pressure.
b. To approximate the Valve Opening Pressure ( $\mathbf{P}_{\text {OPEN }}$ ), add about 10 psi (0.7 bar) to the Valve Closing Pressure.

$$
P_{\text {OPEN }}=P_{\text {Close }}+10 \mathrm{psi}(0.7 \mathrm{bar})
$$

Figure 3: Valve Opening Pressure
c. From the Pressure-Temperature Chart for the refrigerant selected, read the Refrigerant Condensing Pressure ( $\mathbf{P}_{\text {COND }}$ ) (operating head pressure) corresponding to the selected condensing temperature.
d. Subtract the Valve Opening Pressure from the Refrigerant Condensing Pressure. This gives the head pressure rise. See Figure 4.


Figure 4: Refrigerant Head Pressure Rise
3. Determine the available water pressure to the valve ( $\mathbf{P}_{\text {AVAIL }}$ ) using the following steps and Figure 5. This the actual water pressure available to force water through the valve.
a. Determine the minimum inlet pressure ( $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{I N}}$ ). This is the water pressure from city water mains, pumps, or other sources.
b. Pressure drop through condenser ( $\Delta \mathbf{P}_{\text {COND }}$ ) is the difference in water pressure between the condenser inlet and the condenser outlet. Obtain this information from the condenser manufacturer.
c. Estimate or calculate the pressure drop through all associated piping ( $\mathrm{P}_{\text {Loss }}$ ).
d. Subtract the $\Delta \mathbf{P}_{\text {COND }}$ and $\mathbf{P}_{\text {Loss }}$ from $\mathbf{P}_{\text {IN }}$. The result is $\mathbf{P}_{\text {AVAIL }}$.


Figure 5: Available Water Pressure
4. Select the proper valve size from the flowcharts by locating a point on a chart that satisfies the flow, the head pressure rise above opening point, and the pressure drop across the valve.

## Metric Conversions

Use these equations to convert between U.S. and S.I. units.

- $1 \mathrm{dm}^{3} / \mathrm{s}=3.6 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}=15.9$ U.S. gal. $/ \mathrm{min}$. $=$ 13.2 U.K. gal. /min.
- 1 bar $=100 \mathrm{kPa}=0.1 \mathrm{MPa}=1.02 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}=$ $0.987 \mathrm{~atm}=14.5 \mathrm{psi}$


## Valve Sizing Example

A 12-ton capacity R410A system has an inlet water temperature of $85^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(29^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and an outlet water temperature of $95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.

The required flow for an R410A system is found to be 30 GPM ( $6.8 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}$ ). The manufacturer's recommended condensing temperature is $105^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(41^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, and the corresponding condensing pressure is 340 psi (23.4 bar). The maximum ambient temperature is estimated at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.

City water pressure is 40 psi (2.8 bar) and the manufacturer's table gives a pressure drop through the condenser at 15 psi (1 bar). Drop through the installed piping is approximately 4 psi (0.3 bar).

Use the valve sizing process to find the correctly sized valve for this application:

1. Find or calculate the water flow required by the condenser. See Figure 2.

- Flow: According to the data provided, the required flow is 30 GPM $\left(6.8 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}\right)$.

2. Determine refrigerant head pressure rise above the valve opening point. See Figure 3 and Figure 4.

- Pclose: Closing point is refrigerant pressure corresponding to $90^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)=274 \mathrm{psi}$ (18.9 bar). Using a refrigerant pressuretemperature charts for the refrigerant (R410A), the refrigerant is 274 psi at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ (18.9 bar at $32^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ).
- $\quad \mathbf{P o p e n}$ : Opening point $=274 \mathrm{psi}+10 \mathrm{psi}=$ 284 psi (18.9 bar + 0.7 bar = 19.6 bar)
- $\quad \mathbf{P}_{\text {cond }}$ : Condensing pressure $=340$ psi (23.4 bar)
- $\quad \mathbf{P}_{\text {RISE }}:$ Head pressure rise $=340$ psi -284 psi $=$ 56 psi (23.4 bar - 19.6 bar $=3.9$ bar)

3. Determine the available water pressure to the valve. See Figure 5.

- $\quad \mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{I N}}$ : Inlet water pressure $=40$ psi (2.8 bar)
- $\quad \Delta \mathbf{P}_{\text {COND }}$ : Pressure drop through the condenser $=15 \mathrm{psi}$ (1 bar)
- $P_{\text {Loss }}$ : Combined piping pressure loss $=4 \mathrm{psi}$ (0.3 bar)
- $\mathbf{P}_{\text {aVAIL }}$ : Available water pressure to the valve $=$ $40 \mathrm{psi}-(15 \mathrm{psi}+4 \mathrm{psi})=21 \mathrm{psi}$
(2.8 bar - [1 bar + 0.3 bar$]=1.4 \mathrm{bar}$ )

4. Using the following data and the flowcharts, the only valve that comes close to meeting all the criteria (without being oversized) is a 1 in . valve. See Figure 8.

- Flow $=30$ GPM $\left(6.8 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}\right)$
- $\quad \mathbf{P}_{\text {RISE }}=$ a head pressure rise of 56 psi (3.9 bar)
- $\quad \mathbf{P}_{\text {AVAIL }}=$ available water pressure to the valve is 21 psi (1.4 bar)


## V248 Flowcharts

The maximum recommended differential water pressure across a valve is 20 psi ( 1.4 bar ).


Figure 6: $1 / 2$ in. Direct Acting Valve Flowchart


Figure 7: 3/4 in. Direct Acting Valve Flowchart


Figure 8: 1 in. Direct Acting Valve Flowchart


Figure 9: 1-1/4 in. Direct Acting Valve Flowchart


Figure 10: 1-1/2 in. Direct Acting Valve Flowchart

## Dimensions

## V248 Screw Connection Valves



Figure 11: $\mathbf{1 / 2} \mathbf{i n}$. Through 1-1/4 in. V248 Screw Connection Valves Dimensions
Table 2: $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. Through 1-1/4 in. V248 Screw Connection Valves Dimensions

| Valve Size | Dimensions in Inches (Millimeters) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| $\mathbf{1 / 2 ~ i n . ~}$ | $3-1 / 16(78)$ | $2(51)$ | $8-11 / 16(220)$ | $3-13 / 16(96)$ | $1-1 / 2(38)$ | $3-3 / 8(86)$ |
| $\mathbf{3 / 4}$ in. | $3-3 / 8(86)$ | $2-3 / 16(55)$ | $9-3 / 4(248)$ | $4-3 / 16(106)$ | $1-3 / 4(44)$ | $3-13 / 16(98)$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ in. | $4-3 / 4(121)$ | $2-13 / 16(71)$ | $12-1 / 2(318)$ | $5-15 / 16(151)$ | $2-1 / 16(52)$ | $4-1 / 2(114)$ |
| $\mathbf{1 - 1 / 4 ~ i n . ~}$ | $4-3 / 4(121)$ | $2-13 / 16(71)$ | $13-1 / 4(336)$ | $6-1 / 8(156)$ | $2-3 / 8(60)$ | $4-3 / 4(121)$ |

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Figure 12: 1-1/2 in. V248 Screw Connection Valves Dimensions
Table 3: $\quad 1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$ V248 Screw Connection Valves Dimensions

| Valve Size | Dimensions in Inches (Millimeters) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| $\mathbf{1 - 1 / 2 ~ i n . ~}$ | $6(152)$ | $3-1 / 2(89)$ | $15-1 / 4(382)$ | $8(203)$ | $9-5 / 16(237)$ | $6-7 / 8(175)$ |

## V248 Union Sweat Connection Valves



Figure 13: V248 Union Sweat Connection Valves Dimensions

Table 4: V248 Union Sweat Connection Valves Dimensions

| Valve Size | Dimensions in Inches (Millimeters) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{F}$ |
| $\mathbf{3 / 4}$ in. | $3-3 / 8(86)$ | $2-3 / 16(55)$ | $9-3 / 4(248)$ | $4-3 / 16(106)$ | $1-3 / 4(44)$ | $3-13 / 16(98)$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ in. | $4-3 / 4(121)$ | $2-13 / 16(71)$ | $12-1 / 2(318)$ | $5-15 / 16(151)$ | $2-1 / 16(52)$ | $4-1 / 2(114)$ |
| $\mathbf{1 - 1 / 4}$ in. | $4-3 / 4(121)$ | $2-13 / 16(71)$ | $13-1 / 4(336)$ | $6-1 / 8(156)$ | $2-3 / 8(60)$ | $4-3 / 4(121)$ |

## Selection

## Stock Models

When ordering V248 valves, specify the complete product code number. See Table 5 and Table 6.
Table 5: North American Standard Production Models - Range 200 to 400 psi

| Product Code <br> Number | Construction | Valve Size and <br> Connection | Element <br> Style | Shipping Weight, Ib <br> (kg) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| V248GB1-001C | Direct Acting, Commercial | $1 / 2$ in. NPT Screw | Style 5 | $5.0(2.3)$ |
| V248GC1-001C | Direct Acting, Commercial | $3 / 4$ in. NPT Screw | Style 5 | $6.5(3.0)$ |
| V248GD1-001C | Direct Acting, Commercial | 1 in. NPT Screw | Style 5 | $12.0(5.4)$ |
| V248GE1-001C | Direct Acting, Commercial | $1-1 / 4$ in. NPT Screw | Style 5 | $16.0(7.2)$ |
| V248GF1-001C | Direct Acting, Commercial | $1-1 / 2$ in. NPT Screw | Style 5 | $25.0(11.3)$ |
| V248GK1-001C | Direct Acting, Commercial | $3 / 4$ in. Union Sweat | Style 5 | $7.0(3.2)$ |
| V248GL1-001C | Direct Acting, Commercial | 1 in. Union Sweat | Style 5 | $12.0(5.4)$ |
| V248GM1-001C | Direct Acting, Commercial | $1-1 / 4$ in. Union Sweat | Style 5 | $13.7(6.2)$ |

Table 6: European Standard Production Models - Range 13.8 to 27.8 bar

| Product Code <br> Number | Construction | Valve Size and <br> Connection | Element <br> Style | Shipping Weight, Ib <br> (kg) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| V248GB1B001C | Direct Acting, Commercial | $1 / 2$ in. BSPT Screw, ISO 7 | Style 5 | $5.0(2.3)$ |
| V248GC1B001C | Direct Acting, Commercial | $3 / 4$ in. BSPT Screw, ISO 7 | Style 5 | $6.5(3.0)$ |
| V248GD1B001C | Direct Acting, Commercial | 1 in. BSPT Screw, ISO 7 | Style 5 | $12.1(5.5)$ |
| V248GE1B001C | Direct Acting, Commercial | $1-1 / 4$ in. BSPT Screw, ISO 7 | Style 5 | $16.0(7.2)$ |
| V248GF1B001C | Direct Acting, Commercial | $1-1 / 2$ in. BSPT Screw, ISO 7 | Style 5 | $25(11.3)$ |
| V248HC1B001C | Direct Acting, Maritime | $3 / 4$ in. BSPP Screw, ISO 228 | Style 5 | $6.5(3.0)$ |

## Custom Versions

For applications that call for valves not listed in
Standard Production Models, use Table 7 through
Table 13 to specify a custom valve.
Table 7: V248 Valves Selection Chart

| V | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Three-Way <br> refrigeration <br> water valves with <br> projection- <br> welded sensing <br> elements |  | Construction | Seee | Valve Size | Element | Body | Model - See Table 12 |  |  |

Table 8: Construction (Body, Style, and Pressure Range)

| Symbol | Construction (Body, Style, and Pressure Range) |
| :--- | :--- |
| G | Direct Acting, Commercial, High Pressure Range 200 to 400 psi (13.8 to 27.6 bar) |
| H | Direct Acting, Maritime, High Pressure Range 200 to 400 psi (13.8 to 27.6 bar) |
| V | Other |

Table 9: Valve Size and Connection Type

| Symbol | Valve Size and Connection Type |
| :--- | :--- |
| B | $1 / 2$ in. Screw Connection |
| C | $3 / 4$ in. Screw Connection |
| D | 1 in. Screw Connection |
| E | $1-1 / 4$ in. Screw Connection |
| F | $1-1 / 2$ in. Screw Connection |
| J | $1 / 2$ in. Sweat Connection |
| K | $3 / 4$ in. Sweat Connection |
| L | 1 in. Union, Sweat Connection |
| M | $1-1 / 4$ in. Union, Sweat Connection |
| V | Other |

Table 10: Element Style

| Symbol | Element <br> Style | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Style 5 | $1 / 4$ in. male flare (7/16-20 UNF) |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Other | Reference Custom Model Number for information |

Table 11: Body Style

| Symbol | Body Style |
| :--- | :--- |
| -- | Inches, Straight Body |
| B | Metric, Straight Body |

Table 12: Model

| Symbol | Model |
| :--- | :--- |
| 001 | Standard Construction |
| 002 (and <br> above) | Deviation from Standard |

Table 13: Packaging

| Symbol | Packaging |
| :--- | :--- |
| C | Individual |
| D | Bulk (quantity varies by valve size) |

## Repair Information

Repairs can be made. Replacement sensing elements, internal parts and diaphragms are available. To obtain replacement parts kits instructions and details:

- In North America, contact Johnson Controls®

Product Sales Operations Team at 1-800-275-5676.

- In Europe, contact your local sales office.

For North American replacement parts kits product code numbers, see Table 14. For European replacement parts kits product code numbers, see Table 15.

Table 14: North American Replacement Parts Kits

| Nominal <br> Valve <br> Size | Valve Type | Seat Replacement <br> Parts Kit Product <br> Code Number | Diaphragm <br> Replacement Parts Kit <br> Product Code Number | Sensing Element <br> Replacement Parts Kit <br> Product Code Number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 / 2} \mathbf{~ i n . ~}$ | Commercial | STT15A-605R | DPM15A-605R | SEP93A-601R |
| $\mathbf{3 / 4} \mathbf{~ i n . ~}$ | Commercial | STT16A-604R | DPM16A-604R | SEP93A-602R |
| $\mathbf{1} \mathbf{~ i n . ~}$ | Commercial | STT17A-616R | DPM17A-616R | SEP93A-603R |
| $\mathbf{1 - 1 / 4 ~ i n . ~}$ | Commercial | STT17A-617R | DPM17A-609R | SEP93A-603R |
| $\mathbf{1 - 1 / 2 ~ i n . ~}$ | Commercial | STT17A-605R | DPM17A-604R | SEP93A-604R |

Table 15: European Replacement Parts Kits

| Nominal <br> Valve <br> Size | Valve Type | Seat Replacement <br> Parts Kit Product <br> Code Number | Diaphragm <br> Replacement Parts Kit <br> Product Code Number | Sensing Element <br> Replacement Parts Kit <br> Product Code Number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 / 2}$ in. | Commercial | STT15A-605R | DPM15A-605R | SEP93A-601R |
| $\mathbf{4}$ in. | Commercial | STT16A-604R | DPM16A-604R | SEP93A-602R |
|  | Maritime/Navy | STT16A-605R |  |  |
|  | Commercial | STT17A-616R | DPM17A-616R | SEP93A-603R |
| $\mathbf{1 - 1 / 4 ~ i n . ~}$ | Commercial | STT17A-617R | DPM17A-609R | SEP93A-603R |
| $\mathbf{1 - 1 / 2 ~ i n . ~}$ | Commercial | STT17A-605R | DPM17A-604R | SEP93A-604R |

## Materials

Table 16: North American V248 Materials

| Nominal Valve Size: | $3 / 8$ in. to 3/4 in. <br> (Commercial) | 1 in. to $11 / 2$ in. <br> (Commercial) | Maritime (All Sizes) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Material: | Cast Brass | Cast Iron/Rust Resisting <br> Finish | Cast Bronze |
| Body | Aluminum Bronze | Aluminum Bronze | Monel |
| Seat |  |  |  |

[^1]Table 16: North American V248 Materials

| Nominal Valve Size: |  | 3/8 in. to $3 / 4$ in. (Commercial) | 1 in. to 1 1/2 in. (Commercial) | Maritime (All Sizes) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Material: |  |  |  |  |
| Disc |  | BUNA-N | BUNA-N | BUNA-N |
| Disc Cup |  | Brass | Brass | Monel |
| Disc Stud |  | Brass | Brass | Monel |
| Stem/Extension Sleeve |  | Brass | Brass | Monel |
| Diaphragms |  | Nylon Reinforced BUNA-N | Nylon Reinforced BUNA-N | Nylon Reinforced BUNA-N |
| Refrigerant Contact |  |  |  |  |
| Pressure Element | Cup | 300 Series Stainless Steel | 300 Series Stainless Steel | 300 Series Stainless Steel |
|  | Bellows | 300 Series Stainless Steel | 300 Series Stainless Steel | 300 Series Stainless Steel |
|  | Bellows Ring | Steel/Nickel Plated | Steel/Nickel Plated | Steel/Nickel Plated |

Table 17: European V248 Materials

| Nominal Valve Size: | 3/8 in. to 3/4 in. <br> (Commercial) | $\mathbf{1}$ in. to 1 1/2 in. <br> (Commercial) | Maritime (All Sizes) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Material: | Hot Forged Brass | Cast Iron/Rust Resisting <br> Finish | Cast Bronze |  |
| Body | Aluminum Bronze | Aluminum Bronze | Monel |  |
| Seat | BUNA-N | BUNA-N | BUNA-N |  |
| Disc | Brass | Brass | Monel |  |
| Disc Cup | Brass | Brass | Monel |  |
| Disc Stud | Brass | Brass | Monel |  |
| Stem/Extension Sleeve | Nylon Reinforced BUNA-N | Nylon Reinforced BUNA-N | Nylon Reinforced BUNA-N |  |
| Diaphragms | Refrigerant Contact | Cup | 300 Series Stainless Steel | 300 Series Stainless Steel |
| Pressure <br> Element | Bellows | 300 Series Stainless Steel | 300 Series Stainless Steel | 300 Series Stainless Steel |
|  | Bellows Ring | Steel/Nickel Plated | Steel/Nickel Plated | Steel/Nickel Plated |

## Technical Specifications

V248 Series Pressure-Actuated Water-Regulating Valves for High-Pressure Refrigerants

| Maximum Working <br> Pressure | $630 \mathrm{psi}(43.4 \mathrm{bar})$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Factory-Set Opening Point <br> (Port 1 to Port 2) | $275 \mathrm{psi}(19.0 \mathrm{bar})$ |
| Opening Point Adjustment <br> Range (Port 1 to Port 2) | 200 to $400 \mathrm{psi}(13.8$ to 27.6 bar$)$ |
| Throttling Range | $120 \mathrm{psi}(8.3 \mathrm{bar})$ for $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. size <br> $100 \mathrm{psi}(6.9 \mathrm{bar})$ for $3 / 4 \mathrm{in} ., 1$ in., and $1-1 / 4 \mathrm{in} sizes$. <br> $140 \mathrm{psi}(9.6 \mathrm{bar})$ for $1-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. size |
| Media | $150 \mathrm{psi} \mathrm{(10.3} \mathrm{bar)} \mathrm{Maximum}$, <br> $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $170^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.77^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ glycol/water or liquids with low freezing points that are <br> compatible with valve materials |

The performance specifications are nominal and conform to acceptable industry standards. For application at conditions beyond these specifications, consult local Johnson Controls/PENN Refrigeration Technical Support at 1-800-275-5676. Johnson Controls shall not be liable for damages resulting from misapplication or misuse of its products.


[^0]:    V248 Series 3-Way Pressure-Actuated Water-Regulating Valves for High-Pressure Refrigerants Product Bulletin

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